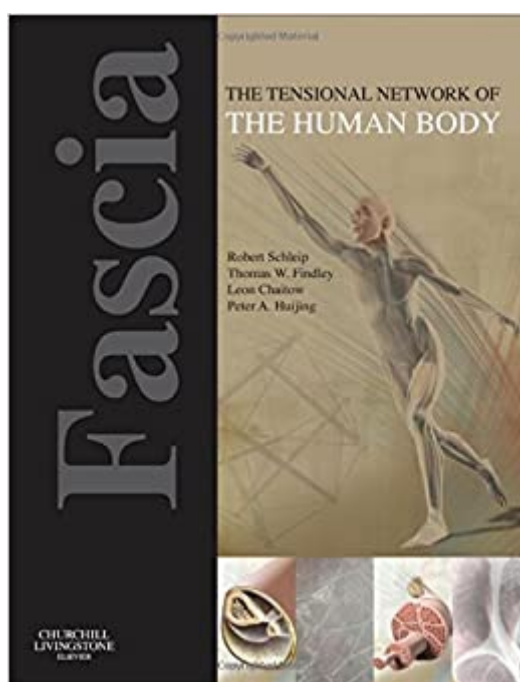


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Fascia: The Tensional Network Of The Human Body: The Science And Clinical Applications In Manual And Movement Therapy, 1e



Synopsis

Compiled by experts of international renown, *Fascia: The Tensional Network of the Human Body* brings together very different contributors who share the desire to bridge the gap between theory and practice as much as possible in our current knowledge of the human fascia. With contributions from over 100 specialists and researchers from throughout the world, this new volume will be ideal for all professionals who have an interest in fascia and human movement - physiotherapists, osteopathic physicians and osteopaths, chiropractors, structural integration practitioners, manual therapists, massage therapists, acupuncturists, yoga or Pilates instructors, exercise scientists and personal trainers - as well as physicians involved with musculoskeletal medicine, pain management and rehabilitation, and basic scientists working in the field. Reflects the efforts of almost 100 scientists and clinicians from throughout the world Offers comprehensive coverage ranging from anatomy and physiology, clinical conditions and associated therapies, to recently developed research techniques Explores the role of fascia as a bodywide communication system Presents the latest information available on myofascial force transmission which helps establish a scientific basis for given clinical experiences Explores the importance of fascia as a sensory organ - for example, its important proprioceptive and nociceptive functions which have implications for the generation of low back pain Describes new imaging methods which confirm the connectivity of organs and tissues Designed to organize relevant information for professionals involved in the therapeutic manipulation of the body's connective tissue matrix (fascia) as well as for scientists involved in basic science research Reflects the increasing need for information about the properties of fascia, particularly for osteopaths, massage therapists, physiotherapists and other complementary health care professionals Offers new insights on the fascial related foundations of Traditional Chinese Medicine Meridians and the fascial effects of acupuncture

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Customer Reviews

"A very in-depth resource ideal for professionals with an interest in fascia & human movement, the book offers comprehensive coverage ranging from clinical conditions & associated therapies, to recent developed research techniques." *International Therapy*, January 2013 (Issue 103) "This book provides a comprehensive collation of information regarding fascia by authors and contributors from diverse clinical and professional backgrounds. The text covers the structure and function of fascia, the related disorders, an in-depth overview of therapies through to their applications. The most up-to-date research techniques are discussed along with directions for future research...In short, this is a book that will become a classic text and should find its way onto the bookshelf of anyone with a therapeutic interest in the human body." *Posture and Mobility*, January 2013 "The editors have successfully integrated current scientific knowledge of fascial anatomy and physiology with clinical applications...Helpful videos are available via the book's website to complement some of the chapters...The website also provides opportunity to report typographical errors, and as a first edition of a very wide subject, these are probably unavoidable...The book should be of interest to various health practitioners, including physiotherapists, osteopaths, and chiropractors, to improve understanding of different clinical concepts while not aiming to provide detailed information regarding specific manipulative techniques." *Physical Therapy Review*, October 2013

Dr. Robert Schleip is Director of the Fascia Research Group at Ulm University, Germany. In addition he serves as Research Director for the European Rolfing Association and maintains a part-time private practice as certified Rolfing practitioner as well as Feldenkrais teacher. He holds an M.A. degree in psychology from Heidelberg University, as well as a Ph.D. in Human Biology from Ulm University. Together with colleagues, his input and inspiration was instrumental in getting the first international Fascia Research Congress in 2007 started, as well as the subsequent congresses. His own research work on active fascial contractility was honored with the Vladimir Janda Award for Musculoskeletal Medicine. Dr. Findley has extensive training in complementary medicine, beginning with training in acupuncture while a medical student at Georgetown in 1975. He maintains an active clinical practice as a Certified Advanced Practitioner of Rolfing Structural Integration in addition to

his research activities as Associate Director of the Center for Healthcare Knowledge Management, New Jersey VA Healthcare System. He is also Director of Research for the Rolf Institute of Structural Integration. Professor Peter Huijing has forty years experience in teaching biomechanics, physiology and anatomy of the locomotor apparatus to students of a great variety of backgrounds, ranging from medical students to students of human movement sciences and bioengineers. Professor Huijing has performed teaching and tutoring duties at the introductory level as well as intermediate, PhD, and post-doctorate levels. He is co-author of a textbook *Inleiding van de Kinesiologie van de Mens* (translation - Introduction to Human Kinesiology) *Educaboek*, Culemborg, The Netherlands (1983) which was later fully revised (1990, 1996) and published by Wolters, Groningen. Professor Huijing has also been co-editor of several congress proceedings and his intensive research activities in the fields of functional anatomy, physiology and biomechanics of muscle and its related tissues has led to over 200 journal peer reviewed articles between 1981 and 2012 among which are several review papers. In the same period, a similar quantity of other single authored and co-authored contributions were published in congress proceedings, books etc.

Sometime we hurt when we move. Traditional medical investigation looks to what can be seen on images (x-ray, MRI, CAT discogram). Even some chiropractors and physical therapists defer to the finding from these images, or assess and treat a movement segment in isolation. This work gives us a new and much needed perspective on the interdependence of movement with fascial being a connecting link. If we consider this and other emerging evidence we can no longer address neck pain, shoulder pain or low back pain without considering the quality of movement at the thoracic spine. This should be a required text in Medical Education and related fields. See also *Anatomy Trains* (T. Myers) and *Movement* (G. Cook)

Book Review of *Fascia: The Tensional Network of the Human Body* Robert Schleip, Thomas W. Findley, Leon Chaitow, Peter A. Huijing Elsevier London 2012 ISBN # 978-0-7020-3425-1 The just released and long-anticipated book on fascia is a noteworthy accomplishment inspired in part by the 2007, 2009, and 2012 International Fascia Congresses in which researchers from diverse fields and a great variety of hands-on clinicians came together to explore emergent research and clinical application. The amount of published papers has significantly increased in the recent past. The book has 78 contributors from a vast sweep of scientific and clinical expertise addressing in 515 pages, hence a very broad appeal to many clinicians, anatomists, biomechanists, and many other researchers. The book is comprised of eight parts: anatomy, neurology, physiology, pathology,

diagnostic procedure, therapies, and research, communicated within 67 sub-chapters. Rather than include a DVD the reader can access online videos that nicely accompany the text. The website presents some information on the book, though the actual videos require a code from the book. See [...] It is with apology this reviewer must state that this is a most difficult review as there are many unique chapters, such that one cannot readily do justice to them. A random sample of sub-chapters support this, in general cover the following topics; general anatomy, fascia as an organ of communication, proprioception, force transmission, physiology, fluid dynamics in fascial tissue, fascial palpation, a good overview of osteopathic fascial therapies, a most interesting therapeutic technique chapter on Gua Sha, neurodynamics, fascial fitness, and scientific research and process, and many others. A few chapters could have benefited from more in-depth coverage, though they succeed in fostering interest beyond the book. A few more clinical technique videos would be very welcomed. The color plates are all presented together just after the introductory chapter, perhaps to save printing costs. While glancing at them initially may feel slightly out of context as they relate to text in the chapters throughout the book; there is a profound inspiring aesthetic and architectural wonderment, which is best described as compelling. The images visually set the stage, varying from simple to complex, micro to macro, sculptural, engineering, , multidimensional and again; inspiring. The lattice, gossamer-like electron microscope renderings are truly astonishing. The reader will probably revisit this section several times. Considerable attention to detail also extends to the rest of the black and white graphics throughout the text. The introductory chapter contrasts the traditional definition of fascia with more contemporary definitions, citing several sources for the ongoing expansion of the definition. The result is the proposal of a much broader classification system of fascial structures, albeit with some challenge and controversy. The functional definition, congruent with the title of the book, specifically describes fascia as a body-wide tensional force transmission system. The book proposes this recent classification of fascial tissues as inclusive of the dense planar tissue sheets such as septa, joint capsule, aponeuroses, organ capsules or retinacula, but also tendon and ligament. It also encompasses softer collagenous tissues such as the innermost layer of endomysium, cutis, Fascia is also inclusive of the dura mater periosteum, perineurium, the annulus pulposus, bronchial connective tissue and abdominal mesentery. The scientific references in each chapter provide solid undergirding for much of the material and the future is expansive as expressed by one author "Therefore it is clear that we have only scratched at the surface of this intricate and complex system and a lot more scientific and clinical work is needed to reveal the principles of its complexity." Fascia-related disorders, such as frozen shoulder, Dupuytren's contracture, trigger points, diabetic foot, etc. These were very well researched chapters. However,

in my opinion the optimism re manual techniques, which address vexatious, indurated disease processes such as scleroderma seem to be overly optimistic as stated. The unique presentation on spastic paresis could have included introductory work on the etiology, going beyond the thorough definition presented. Specifically, foundational concepts regarding the role of the central nervous system, as opposed to primarily addressing the peripheral nervous system within the muscular milieu, would be additive. The chapter presents some very interesting controversy and admits the theoretical construct presented is in its infancy. Hypermobility is covered in this chapter and in a previous, yet they are additive in perspective. Some of the detailed biochemistry challenges this reviewer and may pose some challenge for others, yet is appropriately included as it enlightens on the complexity of this somewhat underappreciated dynamic system. The book contains several noteworthy concepts that have direct clinical implication. Here is the reviewer's short list:, and I present a short list:

1. Fascia should no longer be thought of as a simple supporting structure, but rather, now encompasses many types of connective tissue, many of which form a tensional network throughout the body; in which multiple structures are truly inextricably linked.
2. There is a rich proximity of sympathetic nerve fibers.
3. Fascia is not a passive element but rather a very dynamic and mutable structure.
4. Resting muscle tone, theoretically, may be significantly influenced by changes in fascial stiffness, being additive to the long-understood role of muscle influencing fascial tone. This proposal is strongly under-girded as there is proximity of sympathetic nerve fibers, potentially influencing fascial tone, which remarkably does contain varying amounts of myofibrils. This perspective of fascial tone is a fundamental theoretical construct from the Rolfing community and other bodyworkers, which no doubt will receive continued basic science and clinical research.
5. The proprioceptive, interoceptive and nociceptive roles are explored which has broad implication for many practitioners.
6. Myofibroblastic density variation within fascia, relationship to the autonomic nervous system and chemical reactivity is an exciting area of inquiry.
7. Many other explorations abound such as cell-signaling, fluid dynamics, microvascular sliding mechanism, etc.
8. The viscoelastic properties underscore the use of low-load and long-duration therapies, which resonates with the reviewer's clinical work.
9. The concept of treating beyond the location of obvious pain and dysfunction is afforded rational theoretical undergirding. A simplified model of ligament tone in the elbow used to explain a very important and perhaps underappreciated concept. The research-based concept being that the spread of muscle force goes well beyond its tendon insertion. The force spreads via fascial expansion and continuity influencing joint control. Future editions should explore works on joint structure and function of the elbow ligaments, which convey that ligaments actually function throughout the range, not just at end range as presented. There is in fact a dual role

between ligament and muscle throughout the range of motion and both concepts are relevant. The biomechanical and reflexogenic (including crossed reflexes) role of muscle and fascia augmenting resting and active ligament tone, is a noteworthy concept worthy of greater exploration. The chapter and video addressing the ligament-like role of muscle, with the fascial expansion beyond the traditional tendon insertion and the detailed proprioceptive role are very worthwhile explorations for hands-on clinicians. This is a chapter marked by this reviewer for rereading, along with the pursuit of the chapter's major scientific references, as there seem to be deeper concepts implied. As much of the research is recent, on occasion it can seem as though some of the theoretical interpretations might be premature and on occasion; overly optimistic. On balance, there is much to foster renewed enthusiasm for this neuro-dynamic, mutable, tensional framework. A section on diagnostic procedures for fascial elasticity (hands-on) is a very relevant precursor to the section on fascia-oriented therapies. The therapeutic application section consists of 24 contributions, most chapters being brief, with none over 10 pages. These provide a good general overview of some fairly well known, and perhaps some lesser-known, relevant therapies. The final therapeutic chapter addresses the emerging fascial fitness exercise and it brings sound principles with rational novelty and an element of fun. Initially pessimistic, my opinion was in fact changed by reading and observing the brief video. I am now enthusiastic and look forward to greater exploration via workshop, book, or DVD formats. The final section opens with a philosophical and theoretical foundation for basic research, followed with sub-chapters on ultrasound, advanced MRI for movement analysis, an interesting perspective on the role of fascia related to muscle size, and lastly; mathematical modeling. Perhaps difficult to distill the foundational chapters, nonetheless a final concluding chapter summarizing much of the more recent developments would be a nice addition to future editions. This is a stand-alone foundational work synthesizing a tremendous amount of research on fascia and presents direct therapeutic application. It makes a very broad reach, and succeeds. Future editions of this text will be no doubt be welcomed, as science and clinical application grows. In the interim, rereading several chapters, reviewing the color plates, chasing important references, and staying in touch with future developments will serve as a pleasant, worthwhile bridge. Any-and-all hands-on clinicians will find much to excite and inspire in this text. Diverse researchers, anatomists, and educators should also find it to be worthwhile. I am pleased to endorse this book with a 4.5/5 star rating. Jerry Hesch, MHS, PTHesch
InstituteHenderson, NV USA

This book is a must-have for all practitioners who work with soft-tissue pain of any origin. It is an

excellent compilation of the greatest minds in all disciplines that deal with soft tissue dysfunction.

Very scientific approach and explanations...very interesting. Good reference tool.

Good in depth work with lots of research but also accessible reading. Good graphics that explain the text.

Those manual therapist that do soft tissue work and are nerdy, this book is for you. The information is abundant and easy to find information you are interested in looking up. Extremely comprehensive great read.

This book is a definitive collection of the current research being done regarding fascia. As a body worker, it is an investment worthy book. Go slowly, this is not light reading!

Book must have every bodyworker.

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